

ENGLISH TEST 1

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. waits B. looks C. needs D. stops
2. A. flood B. food C. moon D. soon
2. A. proud B. about C. around D. would
3. A. market B. depart C. card D. scare

Choose the best answer from the four options given (marked A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

- 5: Try to _____ the meaning of words rather than going straight your dictionary
A. expect B. think C. guess D. look
 - 6: Her parents were _____ happy that she won the first
A. extremes B. extremely C. extremeness D. extreme
 - 7: She didn't hear the dog barking outside because she _____ headphones.
A. is wearing B. wears C. was wearing D. wore
 - 8: Khanh Hoa Province often experiences temperatures _____ 29°C and 36°C in the summer.
A. between B. in C. at D. with
 - 9: Smoke, dirt and noise are all kinds of pollutants _____ cause health problems.
A. whom B. what C. who D. which
 - 10: Life in a small town is _____ than that in a big city.
A. little peaceful B. much more peaceful C. peaceful D. much peaceful
 - 11: Tomatoes _____ before they are completely ripe.
A. should be picking B. can be picked C. can pick D. needn't pick
 12. "Giao Thua" is the most sacred time of the year, _____ the first houseguest to offer the first greeting is very important.
A. otherwise B. however C. so D. because
 13. The washing machine was expensive; _____, they couldn't afford to buy it.
A. Although B. But C. Or D. Therefore
 14. I am very proud _____ my school.
A. from B. at C. of D. off.
 15. New _____ about the COVID-19 will be updated on the Internet every minute.
A. inform B. information C. informed D. informative
 16. _____ did she go to the dentist last week? - Because she had a bad toothache.
A. When B. What C. Who D. Why
 17. If a disaster _____ in an area, people from the others will offer help.
A. happens B. will happen C. would happen D. happening
 18. I'm _____ Tom's address. Do you know it?
A. Looking on B. finding out C. looking for D. getting for
 19. - **Phong:** - "That's an excellent story, Lan"
- **Nga:** - " _____"
A. Never mind B. It's kind of you to say so
C. No, thanks D. Don't say so
 20. **John:** "I think that doing physical exercises is the best way to keep fit."
Liz: "You're right. _____"
A. I hope so. B. It's my pleasure.
C. It's kind of you to say so. D. I agree with you
 21. Jacques and Alicia are students, ____?
A. aren't they B. are they C. isn't he D. isn't they
 22. Mary is talking to Susan about her first novel.
- **Mary:** "Guess what? My first novel has just been published."
- **Susan:** " _____"
A. It's my pleasure. B. Congratulations! C. Better luck next time. D. Absolutely!
 23. Jack and Tony, two secondary students, are playing near the river.
- **Jack:** "Let's swim across the river."
- **Tony:** " _____ . It's dangerous."
A. No, let's not B. Yes, I'd love to C. No problem D. Great idea
- Choose the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the words CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined words in the following question.
24. Tony is an active student. He has taken part in different charity projects in his town
A. been thankful for B. taken care of
C. participated in D. had a look of
 25. I could hear voices, but I couldnt make out what they were saying.
A. try to understand B. manage to hear C. refuse to listen D. make every effort

Choose the underlined word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.

26. The classroom was cleaning by the students when I came yesterday morning.

A B C D

27. About 2 million women remain illiterate in a world, mostly in developing countries.

A B C D

28. The gravity of the earth is too strong that no one can jump up to three meters.

A B C D

29. The children laughed happy while they were playing with their toys.

A B C D

30. My brother broke the glass because his carelessness.

A B C D

31. I would give longer school holiday if I become a president.

A B C D

Choose the item among A, B, C or D that best answers the question about the passage.

Many people still believe that natural resources will never be used up. Actually, the world's energy resources are limited. Nobody knows exactly how much fuel is left. However, we also should use them economically and try to find out alternative sources of power. According to Professor Marvin Burnham of the New England Institute of Technology, we have to start conserving coal, oil and gas before it is too late; and nuclear power is the only alternative.

However, many people do not approve of using nuclear power because it's very dangerous. What would happen if there were a serious nuclear accident? Radioactivity causes cancer and may badly affect the future generations.

The most effective thing is that we should use natural resources as economically as possible.

32: Many people still believe that we will never _____ natural resources.

A. rise B. reduce C. run out of D. raise

33: According to the writer, we should use energy resources

A. regularly B. economically C. naturally D. less

34: The phrase "approve of" in the passage is closest in meaning to

A. explain B. disagree C. improve D. agree

35: What causes cancer and may badly affect the future generations?

A. Coal B. Radioactivity C. Electricity

36: According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT true** about nuclear power?

A. safe B. risky C. dangerous D. unsafe

Choose the item among A, B, C or D that best answers the question about the passage.

Plastic is a material we use every day. The first plastics were made more than 100 years ago from parts of plants. Plastics are now made from oil, coal and natural gas. We are using up these things so fast that the Earth's supplies may run out. Because of this, scientists are investigating new ideas for making plastics from plants such as sweet potato, bamboo and flax.

Things made from plastic can be useful for people but bad for the planet. Some plastics can last for a long time without wearing out, and can be difficult to get rid of when they are not needed. They can remain in rubbish dumps for hundreds of years.

Recycling is a good way to solve the problems of unwanted plastics. Recycled waste materials can be used again to make new products. This can be difficult as different types of plastic need to be recycled in different ways. Some kinds of plastics can be melted down and used to make new things such as bags and bottles. Others can be made into fibres for clothing.

Another way to protect the environment is to use canvas bags for shopping instead of plastic ones. A lot of plastic objects can also be reused. Plastic bottles can be refilled many times, rather than thrown away once they are empty. Unwanted plastic goods such as CDs and toys can be sold or given away to charity shops.

37. What is the passage mainly about?

A. Plastic effects and solutions to the problem. B. Plastic history and its usefulness.
C. The ways to reduce the harm of plastic. D. Materials that plastic is made of.

38. The phrase "get rid of" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to

A. remove B. create C. keep D. make

39. According to the passage, things made from plastic are bad for our environment because

A. they are dangerous to marine life
B. they are very useful for people
C. plastics can remain for a long time without decomposing
D. people reuse plastic objects before recycling them

40. The word "**they**" in paragraph 4 refers to
A. objects **B.** canvas bags **C.** toys **D.** plastic bottles
- Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is best written from the words/ phrases given.**
41. **Be quiet/listen / teacher/explanation**
A. Be quiet! We listen to the teacher explanation.
B. Be quiet! We're listening to the teacher's explanation.
C. Being quiet! We're listening to the teacher's explanation.
D. Being quiet! We always listen to the teacher's explanation
42. **what / often / do / Saturday / afternoon /?**
A. What often you do on Saturday afternoon?
B. What do you often do on Saturday afternoon?
C. What do you often do in Saturday afternoon?
D. What did you often do on Saturday afternoon?
43. **I / sometimes come / see my friend / borrow/book**
A. I came sometimes to see my friend and borrow a book.
B. I sometimes will come to see my friend and borrow a book.
C. I sometimes come to see my friend and borrow a book.
D. To see my friend sometimes I come to borrow a book.
44. **prefer / go to school / bike / walking**
A. I prefer to go to school by bike than walking.
B. I don't prefer going to school by bike but walking.
C. I prefer to go to school by bike more than to walk.
D. I prefer going to school by bike to walking.
45. **I / strong / advise / you / take part/volunteer work**
A. I am strong advise that you should take part in volunteer work.
B. I strongly advise that you might take part for volunteer work.
C. I strongly advise that you should take part in volunteer work.
D. I am strong in advising you to take part in volunteer work.
- Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that has the same meaning as the original one.**
46. He smokes so much, perhaps, that's why he can't get rid of his cough.
A. If he smoked so much, he might be able to get rid of his cough.
B. If he didn't smoke so much, he could get rid of his cough.
C. If he smoked so much, he could get rid of his cough.
D. If he doesn't smoke so much, he can get rid of his cough.
47. It's two weeks since I started my diet.
A. I am now on a diet that will last two weeks. **B.** Since last week, I have been on a diet.
C. I have been on a diet for two weeks. **D.** I was only on a diet for two weeks.
48. You drive too fast, so I would like you to drive more slowly.
A. I wish you drive more slowly. **B.** I wish you don't drive more slowly.
C. I wish you drove more slowly. **D.** I wish you didn't drive more slowly
49. The students have to finish the task before Monday.
A. The task had to finish by the students before Monday.
B. The task had to be finished by the students before Monday.
C. The task has to be finished by the students before Monday.
D. The task has to finish by the students before Monday.
50. Can you help me with my homework?', Nick asked his sister.
A. Nick asked his sister whether she can help him with his homework.
B. Nick asked his sister if she helps him with his homework.
C. Nick asked his sister whether she helped him with his homework.
D. Nick asked his sister if she could help him with his homework.

THE END